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## Data Access and Transfer – Design System Principles

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### 6.1 Objectives

The i3-MARKET Data Access & Transfer is a component that defines a secured data access and transfer mechanism allowing an encrypted path between data providers and consumers.

The data access API is the interface via which data consumers gain access to the data offered by a data provider or data space. Since this open interface enables direct interactions among stakeholders of different data spaces/marketplaces, we need not only an open interface specification that can be implemented by all but also a high level of security, as the data exchange might involve sensitive data, e.g., personal data or commercial data.

Since a data exchange shall be only authorized once all involved stakeholders, i.e., data owner, data provider, and data consumer, have signed a smart contract, the data access API must be securely linked with and controlled by the i3-MARKET Backplane. Moreover, for the monetization of data assets based on the crypto currency, the i3-MARKET Backplane must be reliably informed about the quantities of the exchanged assets. This is especially a challenging task due to the decentralized architecture (i.e., the direct, peer-to-peer access interface between data providers and consumers).

Authentication, authorization, and data transfer are the core features of the data access API. Authentication is performed by the i3-MARKET identity provider. The user is authenticated using verifiable claims. After successful authentication, an access token is issued, which contains the user role (data consumer and data provider). If a data consumer tries to access the data provider without a valid access token, it will be redirected to the i3-MARKET identity provider. A data provider validates the access token using a service provided by the Backplane. The data transfer takes place using the non-repudiation protocol. A binary data transfer service based on

the non-repudiation protocol was implemented. The service offers support for concurrent data transfer and activity logging integrated with the data transparency subsystem.

The innovative elements of data access API are the following:

1. **Integration of the non-repudiable protocol for secure data transfer:** The user authentication is realized by providing the Verifiable Credentials issued by the i3-MARKET identity provider. An access token is retrieved, and the consumer is authorized for data transfer, while the dataset is split into fixed size blocks transferred one by one. The security of the transfer is enforced by an encryption mechanism implemented with symmetric keys, unique for each data block.
2. **Integration with the i3-MARKET Backplane for data transfer monitoring:** Data transfer tracking and monitoring component measures the amount of transferred data and logs this information, which is transferred to the i3-MARKET Backplane.
3. **Integration with the i3-MARKET smart contract:** The data parameters and characteristics are retrieved by querying the smart contract.

## 6.2 Technical Requirements

For data access API, the capabilities described below have been defined. They are structured as epics and have been documented in a Trello board as shown in Tables 6.1– 6.10.

**Table 6.1** Authentication and authorization – epics.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Policy management</b>	Policy is a set of rules that define how to protect the assets in order to provide trust, security, and privacy. Policy management component is in charge of enforcing the rule set provided by i3-MARKET Backplane inside of the data access system.	<b>Epic</b>
<b>Role management</b>	A role is a set of policies attached to an entity in order to define the access that entity has within the i3-MARKET data access system. The role management component is in charge with fetching the list of policies and verifying them against the data access system.	<b>Epic</b>

**Table 6.2** Authentication and authorization – user stories.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Intercept access attempts</b>	As a data provider, I want to intercept the data access API access attempts so that I can check the policy	User Story
<b>Check attempt against rule set</b>	As a data provider, I want to check the access attempt of data access API against policy so that I be able to grant access	User Story
<b>Grant access to permitted assets</b>	As a data provider, I want to grant access to assets so that the user can access the data	User Story
<b>Get the list of policies associated with role</b>	As a data provider, I want to access Backplane so that I obtain the list of policies associated with the user's role	User Story
<b>Verify role access</b>	As a data provider, I want to invoke policy management so that I will verify the role access of the user	User Story
<b>Allow or deny access</b>	As a data provider, I want to allow or deny access so that the data can be accessed according to policy	User Story

**Table 6.3** Data transfer transparency – epics.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Data transfer management</b>	Data transfer management is a component that is in charge with the control of the connection between the provider and consumer	Epic
<b>Data transfer tracking</b>	The data transfer tracking component measures the volume of data transferred between the producer and consumer	Epic
<b>Data transfer monitor</b>	The data transfer monitor component communicates with the Backplane before and after the data transfer	Epic

**Table 6.4** Data transfer transparency – user stories.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Initialize the connection</b>	As a data provider, I want to initialize a connection so that I will be able to start the transfer	User Story
<b>Resume the connection</b>	As a data provider, I want to resume the connection so that I will be able to continue the transfer	User Story
<b>Finalize the connection</b>	As a data provider, I want to finalize the connection so that I can conclude the transfer	User Story
<b>Measure transferred data</b>	As a data provider, I want to measure the transferred data so that I can report the information to the Backplane	User Story
<b>Inform i3-MARKET Backplane</b>	As a data provider, I want to inform the Backplane so that the system can track the volume of transferred data	User Story
<b>Invoke linked smart contract</b>	As a data provider, I want to invoke the smart contract so that the data can be transferred according to contractual parameters	User Story

**Table 6.5** secure data transfer & anonymization – epics.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Data encryption</b>	The data encryption component is responsible for the end-to-end process of encoding and decoding of data during transfer between the producer and consumer	Epic
<b>Proxy</b>	The proxy component can be used when the data producer identity needs to be hidden	Epic

**Table 6.6** Secure data transfer and anonymization – user stories.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Key generation and exchange</b>	As a data provider, I want to obtain the encryption key so that I will be able to transfer the data securely	User Story
<b>Transfer encrypted data</b>	As a data provider, I want to transfer encrypted data so that I will be able to enforce the transfer safety and confidentiality	User Story
<b>Decrypt data</b>	As a data consumer, I want to decrypt the transferred data so that I access the transferred data	User Story
<b>Activate proxy</b>	As a data provider, I want to activate the proxy so that I can hide my identity	User Story
<b>Transfer data through proxy</b>	As a data provider, I want to transfer the data through proxy so that my identity remains confidential	User Story

**Table 6.7** Data management – epics.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Batch data transfer management</b>	Batch data transfer management refers to one time data transfer and retrieving one chunk of data in a session	Epic
<b>Data stream management</b>	Data stream management component is responsible for the continuous transfer of data based on a subscription, e.g., publish/subscribe mechanism	Epic

**Table 6.8** Data management – user stories.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Request batch data</b>	As a data consumer, I want to request a batch of data so that I will be able to obtain the data from a provider	User Story
<b>Transfer batch data</b>	As a data provider, I want to transfer a batch data so that I will send the data to consumer	User Story
<b>Subscribe to channel</b>	As a data consumer, I want to subscribe to a channel so that I access the streaming data	User Story
<b>Trigger data transfer</b>	As a data provider, I want to trigger the data transfer so that the data is sent on a stream	User Story
<b>Get data</b>	As a data consumer, I want to get the data so that I can save data locally	User Story
<b>Unsubscribe from channel</b>	As a data consumer, I want to unsubscribe from a channel so that I disconnect from the stream of data	User Story

**Table 6.9** Data access SDK – epics.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Batch data transfer management</b>	Authentication and authorization are required for users who call the data access API from data access SDK	Epic
<b>Data stream management</b>	Data transfer is a component that is responsible for the management of the request data and response	Epic

**Table 6.10** Data access SDK – user stories.

Name	Description	Labels
<b>Authenticate and authorize the data consumer</b>	As a software developer, I want to authenticate and authorize the consumer so that I will be able to obtain the data from a provider	User Story
<b>Request data</b>	As a software developer, I want to implement a data request so that I get access to data	User Story
<b>Get data</b>	As a software developer, I want to implement the get data so that I can transfer the data locally	User Story

### 6.3 Solution Design/Blocks

The secure Data Access & Transfer enables data providers to secure registration to access and/or exchange data in a peer-to-peer fashion once the contracts and security mechanisms for identity management have been executed and confirmed. This improves scalability and avoids the need that data providers have to share their data assets with intermediaries (e.g., a marketplace operator). In addition, anonymization can be used to hide the provider's identity.

Data Access & Transfer consists of the following main parts:

- Authentication and authorization
- Policy management
- Role management
- Secure data transfer and anonymization
- Data transfer based on the non-repudiation protocol with support for concurrent threads and logging.

#### **Authentication and authorization:**

**Authentication:** Verifies the identity of the user against the i3-MARKET Backplane.

**Authorization:** Verifies the permissions the authenticated user has in the i3-MARKET platform allowing to perform authorized actions and granting access to resources.

The authentication and authorization subsystem has the following sub-components:

**Policy management:**

Policy is a set of rules that defines how to protect the assets to provide trust, security, and privacy. The policy management component oversees enforcing the rule set provided by i3-MARKET Backplane within the data access system. The responsibilities of the policy management module are:

- Intercept access attempts
- Check attempt against rule set
- Grant access to permitted assets

**Role management:**

A role is a set of policies attached to an entity in order to define the access that entity has within the i3-MARKET data access system. The role management component is in charge of fetching the list of policies and verifying them against the data access system. The responsibilities of the role management module are:

- Get the list of policies associated with role from Backplane
- verify role access by invoking policy management
- Allow or deny functionalities

**Secure data transfer and anonymization:**

Secure data transfer and anonymization subsystem has the following components:

**Data encryption:**

The responsibilities of the data encryption module are:

- Key generation and exchange
- Transfer data in an encrypted way between endpoints
- Decrypt data on the consumer side

**Proxy:**

The proxy needs to be used when the identity of the data provider needs to be hidden. This feature is optional; therefore, there is no need to implement it if there is no specific requirement referring to the anonymity of the data provider. The responsibilities of the proxy module are:

- Activate the proxy
- Configure the parameters to hide the identity
- Data transfer goes through the proxy

**Data transfer transparency:**

Data transfer transparency subsystem has the following components:

**Data transfer management:**

This component is responsible for the management of the connection between provider and consumer and implements the following functionalities:

- Initialize the connection
- Resume the connection
- Finalize the connection

**Data transfer tracking:**

This component implements the following operation:

- Measure the amount of transferred data.

**Data transfer monitor:**

The information about how much data was transferred, when the data transfer was initiated and when it was completed, is monitored and the following operations are triggered:

- Inform the i3-MARKET Backplane that the data transfer was performed and report how much data was transferred
- Invoke the linked smart contract

**Data management:**

Two methods for data transfer are supported by data access API, which are supported by the following modules:

**VDI:**

One-time data transfer for one chunk of data in a session with the following methods:

- Request data
- Transfer data

**Data stream management:**

Continuous transfer of data based on a subscription, e.g., publish/subscribe mechanism:

- Subscribe to an offering
- Trigger data transfer – on the producer side
- Get data – on the consumer side
- Unsubscribe



## 6.4 Diagrams

The process view perspective is presented in the sequence diagrams in Figures 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, and 6.4.

The sequence diagrams of the subsystems listed below are detailed here:

- Authentication and authorization
- Data transfer transparency
- Data management
- Secure data transfer and anonymization

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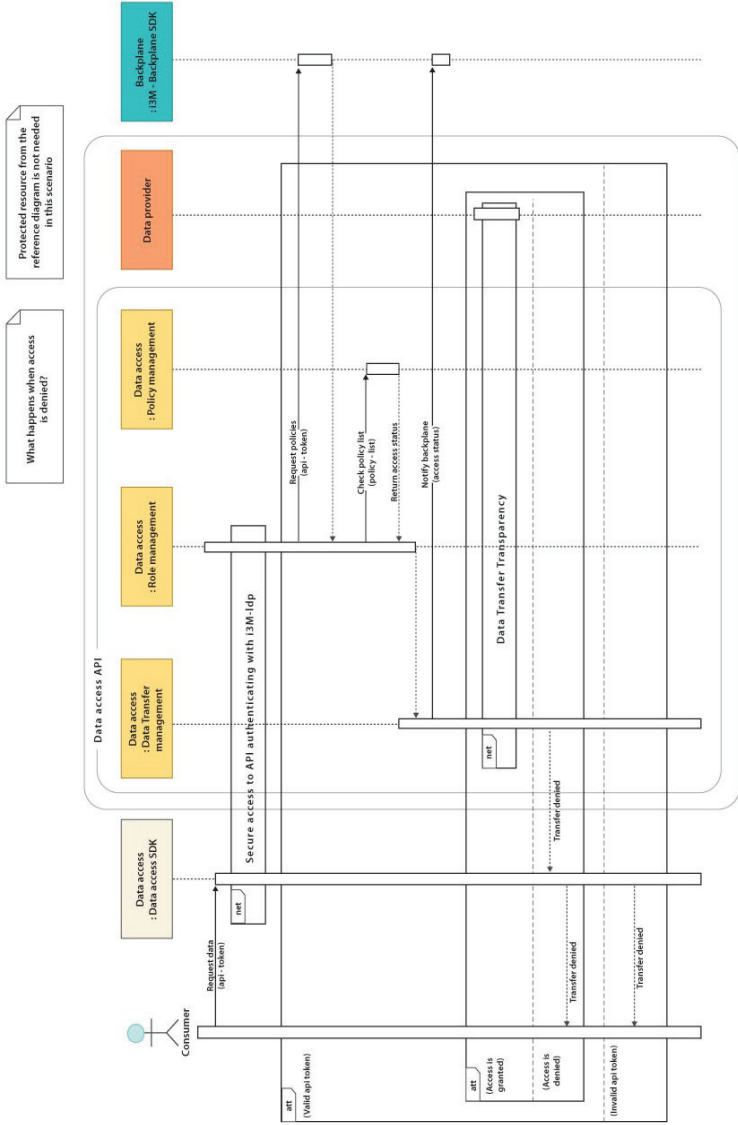


Figure 6.1 Authentication and authorization.

### Data transfer transparency

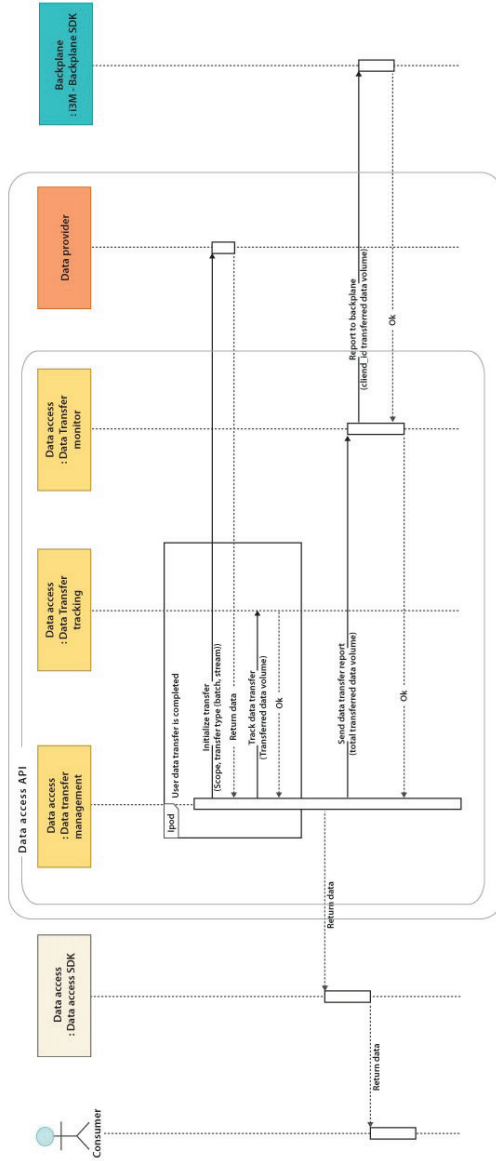
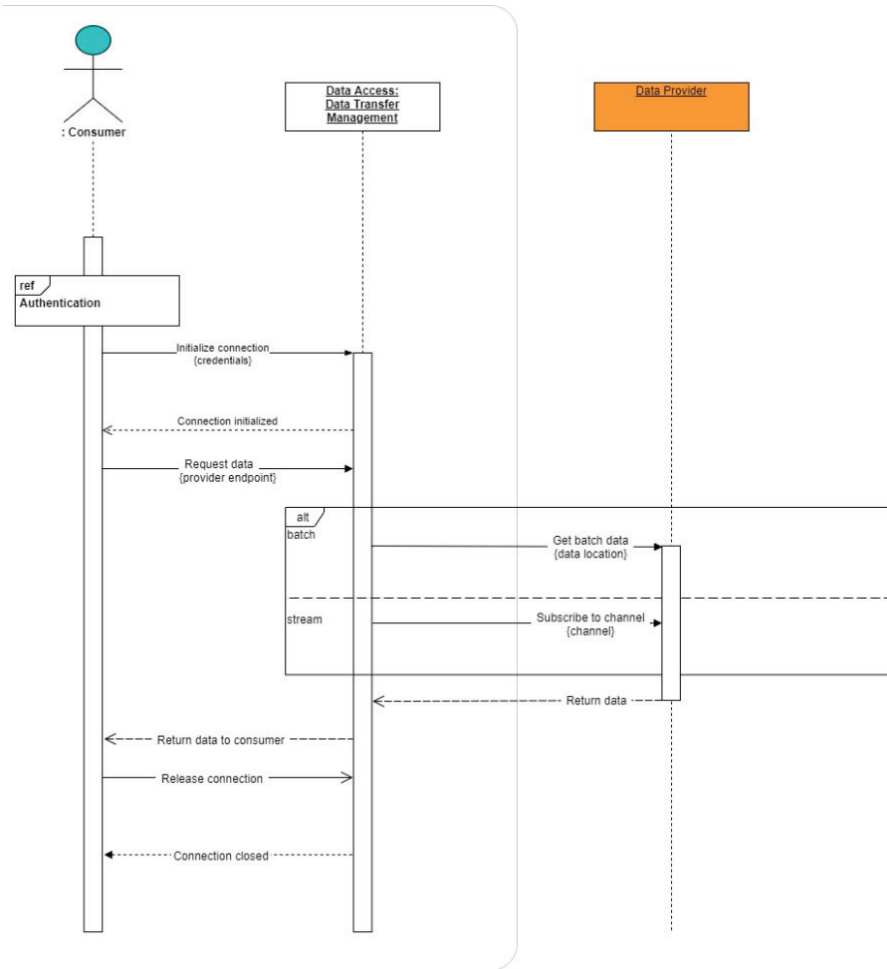


Figure 6.2 Data transfer transparency.



**Figure 6.3** Data management.

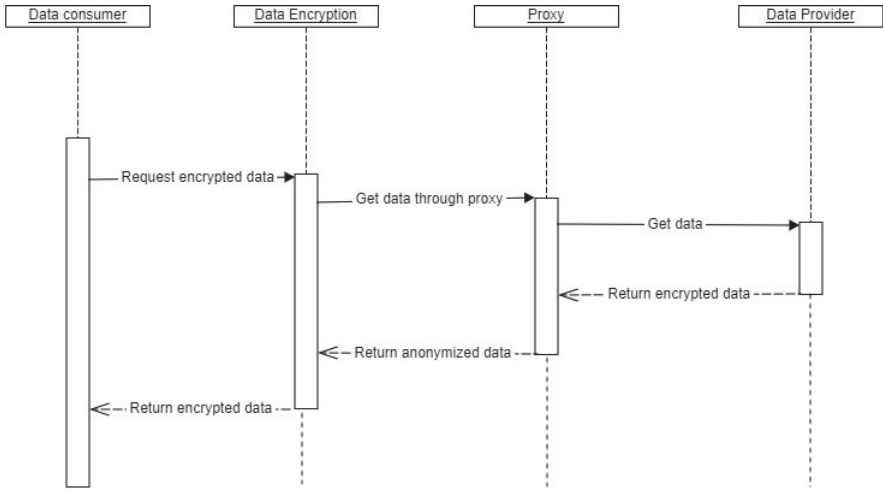


Figure 6.4 Secure.

